MORNING ++ NEWSPAPER IN HELENA That Receives a Telegraphic Report News of the World Daily.

VOL. 30--NO. 37.

HELENA, MONTANA TERRITORY, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1889.

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-Through West-bound express... 3:50 p m
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-Butte, Missouls and Hel, Exp... 12:01 p m
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NORTH AND SOUTH. SUCCEEDED BY LAW.

The Debate in the Senate on the Tariff Substitute Bill Devoted to National Politics.

MORGAN AND THE NEGRO

An Offer to Send Alabama's Contingent to New Hampshire-Delegates Pleading For Statehood in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 .- The president's two messages in regard to the affairs in Samoa and Hayti were laid before the sendocuments, to the committee on toreign relations. There were then presented men orials of the Women's National Christian Union and other bodies of various states in favor of legislation for Sabbath observ ance, against running interstate Sunday trains and against military drills. The memorials, in large bundles, were covered with red cloth, and their presentation wa witnessed by a deputation of ladies in the gallery. The senate then resumed consideration of the tariff bill.

witnessed by a deputation of ladies in the gallery. The senate then resumed consideration of the tariff bill.

Vest's motion to put sait on the free list was voted down by a strict party vote. The amendment heretofore offered by Allison making the duty on cross-cut saws 8, 10 and 15 cents per linear foot instead of 8 and 13 was agreed to. The amendment heretofore offered by Allison, increasing the duty on taggers iron was somewhat modified by Jones, Arkansas, who moved to put that article on the free list. Allison said the committee had decided to allow the present rate of duty on tin plate to stand until Jan. 1, 1890, and that would allow time for the establishment of a sufficient plant in this country to produce all the tin plate needed. Morgan advocated Jones' motion to put tin plate on the free list, and said there was no tin in this country. Teller contradicted the assertion, and said there was a vast quantity of tin in the Deadwood region. Morgan then proceeded to deliver a written speech against the senate substitute. In the course of a discussion between Morgan and Hawley as to the relative value of lands in manufacturing and non-manufacturing states, Morgan characterized the young negroes of Alabama as the most God-forsaken people (in respect of industry) to be found anywhere outside of Algiers or Morocco, or the great desert of Sahara. It cost fully \$1,000 to raise a negro boy from birth to manhood, not to include his stealings and other depredations. If he could by a decree of law or of providence expel from Alabama every negro in it and have a barrier erected so that he could never return, lands in Alabama would run up to prices greater than those in Wisconsin. The people would rush there with more eagerness than they were now showing in trying to get into Oklahoma.

A colloquy ensued between Biair and Morgan, in, the course of which Morgan said he "wished the senator from New Hampshire had in his own state the 100,000 negroes that we can furnish to him from Alabama. I would be very glad, indeed, to p one for the introduction of negroes fro Alabama into New Hampshire and I will do my best to promote his society and get subscribers for it, and get the negroes to

Blair—I think it would be quite as much for the interest of my state to encourage there as to encourage the white people of

that state.

Morgan—The senator may spare himself all his invective against the people of Ala-

all his invective against the people of Alabama.

Blair—I will be very glad to limit my general reflection on the white people of Alabama and confine it to the senator with whom I am engaged in colloquy.

Morgan—If any providenti-I thing should keep the senator and me apart I would be thankful. He adds nothing to my happiness and I think a more intimate association with him would improve me neither in temper or information, nor in any other way. After this little digression Morgan resumed and finished the reading of his speech.

way. After this little digression Morgan resumed and finished the reading of his speech.

Chandler spoke in favor of increasing the duty on skates. In the course of his speech and criticizing the opposition of the democratic party to protectionist ideas, he said: "The confederate brigadiers were now trying to carry out the principle they had incorporated into the confederate constitution and meant the destruction of all the northern industries that were protected by the tariff system. They had nothing left to kick, kill or destroy but the protective tariff. That was the business in which they and the president had been engaged for the last year, and notwithstanding they had no luck, they still continued to make faces and kick.

Vest argued against the amendment to increase the rates on 'in plate, saying there was not a single pound of it manufactured in the United States and there was no instance in the tariff legislation of the country where a duty was imposed for the purpose of creating an industry which did not exist. Aldrich admitted there was not a pound of tin plate manufactured in the United States at present, but said that fact was owing solely to the inadequacy of the duty. He held it was as much within the scope of a protective system to create new industries as to maintain existing ones. There was further discussion on the subject, but no vote was reached; and after an agreement that from Friday till Thursday next the daily hour of meeting should be 11 o'clock, the senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

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BIOCK.

THE HOUSE.

After routine business the house resumed consideration of the territorial bilis and was addressed by Joseph, of New Mexico, who presented the claims of that territory for admission of the territory for admission and prospects for the future, New Mexico, was entitled to take her olace in the galaxy of citied to take her olace in the galaxy of the English language. No olam broughed attach to them for that, but he competent of the English language and American civilization they were not entitled to statehood. Yoorhees, Washington territory, voiced the demands of the people came up to the inne of language and American civilization they were not entitled to statehood. Yoorhees, Washington territory, to dender the demands of the people of that territory for admission into the Union. At the recent election the question of admission had been the burning issue, and so keeniy had colors. Also a number of high grade of the people resented the delay of this house in responding to their continual appeals for statehood that pronounced republican majorities had been the result. Mansur, Missouri, advocated the admission of New Mexico, who presented was not now ask intended that until these people come up to the inne of language and American civilization they were not entitled to statehood. Nevertheless of the future, New Mexico, who presented the claims of that the claims of the elimination of the territory of the future, New Mexico, who presented the claims of that the claims of the claims of the claims of that the claims of the claims

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Jan. 16.—The thermometer has fallen thirty degrees here in the last thirty-six hours and the weather is growing colder. Reports at the Burlington railway office state that furious northwest winds prevail all over their ines, accompanied by a light snow.
ST. PAUL Jan. 16.—The northwest is experiencing severe weather. Heavy snow has fallen throughout Dakota and Minnesota and strong winds to-night are bad delays in all kinds of transportation. Grand Forks reports a blizzard, with snow a foot deep. The thermometer is at zero at Watertown and going lower.

In a communication dated Apia, Dec. 3 last, Commander Mullat describes to Secretary Whitney the attack of Malietoa upon Tamaseses' strong fortifications, just back of Lutuanna, and his success. The commander says it is apparent to a thoughtful and upprejudiced mind that the aspiration of the Samoan people for a liberal and progressive government are incompatible with German ideas of government in Samoa. After their numerous in-

[in Favor of Robt. Law.

BUTTE, Jan. 16 .- [Special to the Independent.]-Robt. Law, late assistant general superintendent of the Northern Pacific with headquarters at Helena, arrived in the city yesterday for the purpose of as suming the duties of Superintendent Geo. W. Dickinson, of the Montana Union rail way. He and Mr. Dickinson are now going over the line together. In an interview with the INDEPENDENT correspondent Mr. Law stated that no change would take place in the management of the road for perhaps thirty days. Mr. Dickinson says he intends to remain in Montana and it is believed by many he has resigned in order to take the management of the road which the Anaconda company is going to build. Surveyors for this road will take the field Monday. Mr. Dickinson refuses to ate and referred, with the accompanying say whether he will be connected with the new road or not.

THF FORT SHAW RESERVE.

GREAT FALLS, Jan. 16 .- [Special to the Independent.]-Copies of a petition have been sent here for signatures from Sun River. The petition asks the president, secretary of war and congress to throw open for settlement the milita y reservation at Fort Shaw, which comprises 40,000 acres of productive land. The petition states that the post is not now needed for protection against Indians, whose reservation is fully fifty miles north of it. The petition adds: "Your petitioners believe the only purpose of maintaining a military force in Montana is to furnish police control for the Gros Ventre, Piegan, Blood, Blackfeet and River Crow Indian reservations, situated on the northern boundline of the territory, and petitioners respectfully represent that in their opinion the said military post would be of more advantage for the purobjection is raised here to the petition that it is to have the land subject to entry under the desert land act; it is suggested also that the purpose of the petition might be served by reducing the reservation to one thousand acres. This has been done else where with public advantage.

THE WEATHER.

The temperature in Helena yesterday, as shown by R. S. Hale & Co.'s Yale College observatory thermometer, was as follows: 7 a. m., 10 degrees above zero; noon, 11 above, 6 p. m., 11 above; 10 p. m., 10 above. Dispatches to the INDEPENDENT last evening show the following conditions at the points named at 6 o'clock:

Butte—Clear, caim, zero.
Philipsburg—Cloudy and calm, 1 above.
Anaconda—Windy, 4 above.
Marysville—Cloud, 14 above.
Fort Shaw—Clear, caim, 18 above.
Fort Benton—Clear, west wind, 22 above.
Fort Assinaboine—Southwest wind.

Battle Creek, N. W. T .- Clear, light Battle Creek. N. W. T.—Clear, light orth wind, 8 above.
Mandan—Clear, strong wind, 10 above.
Glendive—Clear, caim, 8 above.
Miles City—Clear, caim, 4 above.
Billings—Clear, pleasant, 10 above.
Big Timber—Clear, caim, 10 above.
Livingston—Clear, caim, 10 above.
Bozeman—Clear, caim, 9 above.
Missoula—Part cloudy, caim, zero.

GREAT FALLS, Jan. 16 .- [Special to the Independent.]-The smeiter has received twenty-seven car loads of ore since yester day. The Poorman mine, in the Cour d'Alene region, has contracted to deliver 4,000 tons, with the option of making it

The board of aldermen have taken no further action on city licenses, as there was Sand Coulee coal has been reduced to \$3

per ton at retail. \$1,300, have been placed on Thompson's dry goods stock. It is supposed the business will be resumed soon, with I. G. Baker

Pleased With the Message GREAT FALLS, Jan. 16 .- [Special to the Independent.]-Gov. Leslie's message, published in part by the Tribune this afternoon, is well received by the public in gen eral, irrespective of party. Stock owners democrats attribute the loss of the county by a small majority to the "floating vote" and are willing to renew the contest any day on the basis of a full vote and fair

PHILIPSBURG, Jan. 16 .- [Special to the Independent.]-Frank O. Linforth, a promcounty. Mr. Linforth recently received the appointment of superintendent of the new Bi-metalic mill, and was to have taken | the charge Feb. 1. Since his residence here he has been engaged in assaying. He was formerly assayer of the Anaconda and Alice Mining companies at Butte. His remains were to-day shipped to San Francisco for interment, his wife accompanying them. The deceased was about 35 years of age. He leaves no children.

most opportune if such an election could now be held, and I feel assured that it would do much towards ending the turbulent and bitter discontent which led to the shocking and fierce warfare among these islanders and finally involved them in a deeply regrettable conflict with the German forcea, sincerely deplored by the United States. Rear Admiral Kimberly, commanding our navai forces in the Pacific, has been ordered to proceed in his flag-ship, the Treuton, to Apia. I have great confidence in his wisdom and benevolent discretion, as well as in that of the commanders of the other national vessels which have been sent by their respective governments to Samoan waters to promote a satisfactory arrangement; and I take it for granted the same spirit of comity and perception of equal rights of all three of the treaty powers which induced your government to invite the active co-operation of the United States in restoring law and order in Samoa, will cause instructions embodying the same principles of friendly justice and considerate moderation in framing a plan of settlement to be sent to the German officers in command of the emperial forces in that region. There is no obscurity in the several treaties and none whatever in the understanding proposed by the United States and firstarrived at between the treaty powers in June, and the several treaties and none whatever in the understanding proposed by the United States and firstarrived at between the treaty powers in June, and the several treaties and none whatever in the understanding proposed by the United States and firstarrived at between the treaty powers in June, and the several treaties and none whatever in the understanding proposed by the United States and firstarrived at between the treaty powers in June, and the several treaties and none whatever in the understanding proposed by the United States and firstarrived at between the treaty powers in June, and the several treaties and none whatever in the understanding proposed by the United States and firstarrived NEW YORK, Jan. 16 .- The funeral of Mrs. Jay Gould was conducted as quietly lor, in a plain, black cloth covered casket with unique silver handles. Flowers were scattered over the lid. The attendance at the services was not large. Jay Gould remained with the family in one of the remained with the family in one of the re-cesses of the stairway just above where the services were conducted. A quartette sang "Asleep in Jesus," and Rev. Dr. John R. Paxton read the Episcopal service for the dead. Rev. John R. Tway offered a prayer and the services concluded with a hymn. An hour after the services the remains were taken to Woodlawn cemetery for in-terment, accompanied by relatives.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 16 .- In the legislative joint session to-day Anthony Higgins was

SAMOA'S CHAMPION.

Secretary Bayard Proves by Official Correspondence That the Samoans

DOCUMENTS OF INTEREST

Have a Friend.

American Naval Officers Ordered to Protect American Rights and See That the Samoans Have a Fair Show

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 .- Among the cor-

pondence concerning affairs in Samoa referred to in President Cleveland's mes sage transmitted to congress yesterday and presented to the senate to-day, were the following instructions to Admiral Kimberly from Secretary Whitney: "In a cablegram dated Jan. 11, Commander Mullan, of the Nepsic, telegraphs by way of Auckland, N. Z., A force was landed at Samoa from the German fleet which resulted in an engagement between the troops of Mataafa and the defeat of the latter. He reports the Germans in retaliation bom reports the Germans in retaliation bom-barded towns, disregarding protests and neutral rights, and that the property and lives of American citizens were in danger, and strongly urges sending reinforcements. The German government claims the Ger-man forces were first attacked; that war now exists between Germany and that portion of the natives of Samoa engaged in the attack upon the Germans. The Ger-man government invites this government to join in establishing order in Samoa, giv-ing assurance of careful respect for our

keepers, involving a cost of \$8,500 for the session. He finally offered as an amendment that the appointees be federal exadders. Smith, democrat, thereupon said, "You are the man that struck an old soldier last session." Johnson said, "This is without foundation." Griffith, democrat, asserted that the charge was true, whereupon Johnson gave him the lie direct. For a time great excitement prevailed. The resolution finally passed by a party vote. In legislative circles to-night the quarrel is the sole topic, and there is serious talk among democrats of a resolution being introduced to-morrow to expel Senator Johnson, which, if carried, will cost the republicans their most aggressive senator. "The United States government is willing to co-operate in restoring order in Samoa on a basis of the full preservation of American treaty rights and Samoan autonomy, as recognized and agreed to by Germany, Great Britain and the United States, and has so informed the German government. You will at once proceed to Samoa and extend full protection and defense to American citizens and property. Tou will consult with the American vice-consul, examine his archives and otherwise inform yourself as to the situation and The Major Budd Closed Down. sult with the American vice-consul, examine his archives and otherwise inform yourself as to the situation and all recent occurrences. Protest against the subjugation and displacement of the native government of Samoa by Germany, as a violation of a positive agreement and understanding between treaty powers, but inform the representatives of the German and British governments of your readiness to co-operate in causing all treaty rights to be respected, and in restoring peace and order on a basis of the recognition of Samoa's rights to independence; endeavor to prevent extreme measures against the Samoans and bring about a peaceful settlement. If such arrangement can be made upon that basis you will report the same for approval, and you will inform the government as soon as possible after your arrival in Samoa of the condition of affairs and the prospect of a peaceful adjustment, and whether Germany was acting impartially between the opposing forces when the late conflict occurred. Whitney,"

Jan. 12 the secretary addressed a communication to Count Arco, the German minister, in reply to a statement giving the German version of the Samoan difficulty. The statement of Count Arco is substantially as follows: "The German esterday, where he has been engaged for week past in attempting to satisfactorily settle the Major Budd troubles. The result of his trip was that he gave orders to have all work stopped on the mine, and he says the mine will stay shut down until says the mine will stay shut down until the interested parties decide to come to his terms. The Welch interest is the principal bone of contention just now. Daniel Welch, of this city, says he will accept \$30,000 cash and 15,000 shares of stock for his or his wife's claim on the property. This will not be paid, Mr. Zimmerman says. The stock in St. Louis is quoted at 50 cents, but there is none on the market and Mr. Zimmerman adds that none will be placed there until the existing mess is cleared up. It is claimed that \$20,000 has been expended on this property since the present "promoters" took possession.

F. T. McBride came over from Butte yesterday to attend supreme court, where

attorneys in the case claiming that the law prohibiting the sale of liquor to Indi-Urited States constitution which provides that all commerce with Indians shair or free. The case in question is wherein Jos. Guyot was arrested in Butte for selling liquor to a band of Major Ronan's wards, who were on a hunting expedition. Judge De wolf was undecided whether the sale of liquors to these people could be termed commerce or not, and considered the point well taken.

and twenty killed and thirty wounded. The Germans swore vengeance, and are shelling and burning indiscriminately, regardless of American property. Protests are unheeded, the natives are exasperated, and foreigners' lives and property are in the greatest danger. The Germans respect no neutral territory. Americans in a boat, flying the American flag, were seized in the Apia harbor by an armed German boat, but released. An admiral with a sqadron is necessary immediately." A dispatch from Commander Mullan corroborates this telegram.

THE LIE GIVEN.

More Fun Expected.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 16 .- In the hou

rules framed by the democratic majority,

epublicans announcing them a virtual

'gag-law." They were adopted by a strict

enator Johnson, a republican leader,

ought against the proposition of the ma-

ority to employ twenty additional door. eepers, involving a cost of \$8,500 for the

Boom in Pen d'Oreille. A gentleman who returned from the Pen d'Oreille district last night reports that the

The statement of Count Arco is substantially as follows: "The German forces landed at Samoa after the German commander had given notice of his intention to the commanders of the American and British men-of-war, the reason for those were in-danger. Upon landing the Germans were attacked by the Samoans under the command of Klein, an American citizen, and lost fifty killed and wounded. A state of war was therefore announced by Germany and as an American is alleged to have been in command of the attacking Samoan forces, Count Arco is instructed to make complaint to the United States. The treaty rights of the United States. The treaty rights of the United States and all the rights of the treaty powers shall be respected under all circumstances. The German government asks them to join in an active way to restore calm and quiet." In response Secretary Bayard says he at once communicated to Count Arco, on becoming aware of the allegations that the Samoan forces were led by an American named Klein, that he had no knowledge whatever nor reason to believe that Klein was a citizen of the United States. "I was certain," continues the s-cretary's letter, "that he is not and never has been in any way connected with the public service nor acting under color or pretense of its authority. Instructions have been given to the officials of this government at Samoa and never deviated from those made public, and which were well known to Germany and Great Britain, to maintain neutrality in Samoan affairs and confine their action to good offices in the maintenance of peace and order in that region and securing protection for American citizens and their interests." The secretary says before he received the German instructions orders had been given by the president looking to the protection of citizens of the United States "join in an active way to restore calm and quiet in the islands." The secretary further says: "I received also with expressed satisfaction you necessarily included respect for the existence of Samoan autonomy and indep soom caused by the recent deal by which the Chloride group became the property of Hugh McQuaid et al. still continues, and

Hugh McQuaid et al. still continues, and more vigorous than ever. He states that in the townsite laid out a few weeks ago, two mites from Chloride, known as Weber, lots which at that time sold for \$20, are now held at \$50 to \$150 each. There is already a saloon and general store started, important requisites of a new mining camp; also that a faro layout was to have been opened for business in a few days. Numerous log cabins are in course of construction, and there are at least 300 men at the camp, which number is being daily increased by new arrivals. The gentleman stated that the weather in the district was very mild, and there was but little snow when he left.

a general confectionery business for the purchase, sale and manufacturing confectioneries, crackers, candies, cakes, etc., and to acquire the necessary buildings and plant. Capital stock \$25,000. Directors: M. H. Halle, W. C. Anning, Richard Lockey, D. C. Chambers. Business is to be carried on in Helena.

Certificate of incorporation of Helena Abstract and Title Insurance company, to engage in the business of making abstracts of title to real estate in Lewis and Clarke county and in all other counties in Montana, to insure real estate in Montana and to do every thing connected with the abtract real estate title insurance business. Capital stock \$10,000. Trustees, Ralph E. E. De Kamp, William Taylor and Simon O. Danforth.

OSAGE CITY, Kan., Jan. 16.-Gen. J. R. McConnell, a leading lawyer and a prominent member of the G. A. R., was shot and fatally wounded to-night while leaving the residence of Hon. James McManes in a fashionable part of the city. McManes did the shooting. He had returned home unexpectedly and appeared to have reasons for believing that the general had been indulging in improper conduct with Mrs. McManes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 .- Justice Harlan has appointed Soloman Claypool acting district attorney for the district of Indiana. Claypool's nomination to that office has not been acted upon by the senate and the appointment is made under the law authorizing justices to fill vacancies pending confirmations of nominees.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., Jan. 16 .- The ale of the Sutro Tunnel under foreclosure took place to-day and was bid in for the Sutro Tunnel company, of New York, at \$1,325,000.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 16 .- Father McDermott, a Catholic priest, created s

sensation Sunday, by preaching a sermon

posed by the United States and first arrived at between the treaty powers in June, 1886, and since then from time to time set forth in their correspondence. June 17 last the views of this government were fully conveyed to the government of Germany by my instructions of that date to our minister at Berlin, and have since that time undergone no change and no intimation of dissent therefrom by the government of Germany since that time has been received." denouncing the Order of Elks and calling on all his parishioners who are members to SUSQUEHANNA, Pa., Jan. 16 .- At Sunshine Mrs. John killed ner babe and then committed suicide. She left a note stating

ternal wars? and revolutions the party of liberal ideas would be triumphant were they not interfered with by outside influences and by the presence of German men-of-war abreast of their fortifications, as a daily reiterated menace and warning, especially so on the eve of the battle of Jan. 5. Vice Consul Blacklock telegraphed as follows to Secretary Bayard via New Zealand: "Three German war ships undertook to disarm Mataafa and landed a night force to prevent his retreat. Mataafa's men were fired on and forced to fight. The Germans were routed and twenty killed and thirty wounded. The Germans swore vengeance, and are

The Times Compelled to Go to the Penitentiary For Testimony to Bolster Up Its Case.

A "LIFERS" LITTLE TALE.

Patrick Delaney Professes to Give the Names of the Leaders of the Fenians and the Invincibles and Their Plans.

London, Jan. 16 .- Upon the resumption of the session of the Parnell commis this morning, Justice Hannen said William O'Brien's article in United Ireland, for which he was summoned to appear before the court exceeded a fair discussion of the case, but admitted there was some force in O'Brien's arguments regarding the con tinued circulation of Times' pamphlets and said he believed no disrespect was intended towards the court by the article. party vote. In the senate this afternoon

tended towards the court by the article. Therefore he would not punish O'Brien. Future cases of a similar nature would be more severely treated.

Patrick Delaney, a convict in Maryborough prison, testified that he belonged to the Fenians until September, 1882. The principal leaders of the organization were Egan and Brennan, Dr. Macalaster, John Lavey and John Doran. About seventy-nine delegates, including John O'Connor and Gen. Millen, came from America. Witness attended a meeting in Foresters' hall, Dublin, at which Devoy represented the American council. Gen. Millen inspected the military organization, and arranged for arms to be provided and expenses paid. At another meeting in the Rotunda, Davitt, Parnell, Egan, Biggar, Dillon, Brennan and Harris, attended and cruelly attacked Davitt for adhering to the principles of the organization. After the Dillon, Brennan and Harris, attended and cruelly attacked Davitt for adhering to the principles of the organization. After the meeting witness was told the circles were not opposed to the league, which would organize the Fenians in the country and supply them with arms. Witness said he had forgotten a portion of the Invincibles oath, but the principal part was to assassinate the viceroy and the whole executive of Ireland. The Invincibles received money from the league. Egan, Byrne and Tynan paid some to Dan'l Delaney, Mullet and Brady. Witness was deputed to watch the movements of Forster, at that time chief secretary for Ireland. Joseph and Timothy Kelly were delegated to shoot Forster, witness intercepting persons crossing Queen's bridge

Afterwards more revolvers, daggers and money came.

Delaney spoke of a futile attempt to hire a house on Capital Hill from which the officials of the castle could be shot with rifles. On cross-examination by Sir Chas. Russell the witness admitted that when 17 years old he was sentenced to penal servitude for five years for highway robbery. He enrolled himself with the Fenians the same night he left prison. When he was same night he left prison. When he was accused of the Phoenix Park murders he gave the authorities all the information in his possession. The Fenian organization, he declared, was never an assassination society except in cases where somebody information in the fenians are to fight opening and the first different to fight opening the fight opening the first different to fight opening the fight opening the first different to fight op

POLICE COURT CULLINGS.

Three Unfortunates Convicted of Vagr

charged with vagrancy. Later in the day same charge. They were found guilty and Williams, and Edward Smith received the full penalty of the law for such offense-\$25 and costs. George Smith was fined \$10; all

The afternoon was occupied in hearing the evidence in a suit of Jurgens & Price vs. Moses Goodrell, of Elliston, for the re-

vs. Moses Goodrell, of Elliston, for the recovery of \$150. This part was concluded and this morning the attorneys will argue the case before his honor.

Officer Larue detected a man wearing a coat yesterday afternoon which he recognized as the one stolen a short time since from the cab company's office. The gentleman who had it said a man whom he met at Marysville "soaked" it to him for five dollars and thought the fellow's name is Parker and a resident of this city. The coat is in the custody of the officer, and is fine buffalo valued at lifty dollars.

Frank Parker is the name of the man who, it is alleged, stole the coat. He was apprehended in the Cosmopolitan last night and placed in jail. The gentleman to whom he disposed of it is named Holland. Parker was formerly a driver for the cab sompany.

A Pleasant Social A social entertainment was given by the

Misses Ella and Aggie Cooney at their resdence on Breckenridge street last evening The Misses Cooney were assisted in receiving their young guests. The evening was spent delightfully by the young folks in vocal and instrumental music, plays, etc. At 10 o'clock supper was served, after which dancing was enjoyed until 11 o'clock. Those present were Mrs. Reynolds, Misses Estelia Haskell, Rose Cavanaugh, Lizzie Mentor, Elia Meyers, Maggie Britt, Ida Cade, May Moran, Alberta J. Quirk; Messrs. Miles Cavanaugh, jr., J. Sparing, J. Marshal, A. Denbow, Ben Baldwin, Elmer Chamberlain, Charles Morrell, Geo. Cooney.

Carnival Rates-Montana Central Ry Remember, the winter carnival rates to St. Paul and return WILL NOT be with drawn. The Montana Central railway company will sell tickets from Helena to St. Paul and return at \$40 for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale Jan. 20 to 28, inclusive, and will be good for ninety days from date of sale.

Double Daily Stage.

Don't forget to take the stage at Laurei to the land of the coal. On and after Jan. Lodge. These stages will connect with all passenger trains and will leave Laurel at 5 and 8 o'clock a. m. and arrive at Red Lodge at 1 and 4 o'clock p. m.
J. L. SMITH, Proprietor.

Boston, Jan. 16 .- At a meeting of the

directors of the Union Pacific railway held to day, Edwin F. Atkins was elected director in the place of Elisha Atkins, de-ceased, J. P. Spanidiag in place of M. D. Spaniding, and J. H. Millard, of Omaha, in place of H. Baker.